# 2017 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT HUNT I & II WATER SYSTEM, ID 00567 T, KITSAP COUNTY

Valued Customer,

We are pleased to present this year's annual water quality report. The purpose of this report is to keep you informed of the continued safe and dependable supply of quality drinking water we provide to you. It is through our commitment to careful monitoring and continued improvement of the water distribution process and protection of your water resource that we ensure the quality of your water.

The Hunt I & II water system is owned and operated by Iliad Water Company LLC. Iliad provides water services to 23 communities in Washington State. To learn more please visit our website at <a href="http://www@iliadnw.com/water/">www@iliadnw.com/water/</a>. Your certified operators are Jared Hays and Jamin Udman. Northwest Water Systems, Inc. provides contract meter reading and on-call services. That certified operator is Brad Vandewall. If you have any questions about your water system or this report contact our office Monday – Friday between the hours of 8:00am and 4:30pm by mail at 1107 S. Bailey St., Seattle WA 98108, email at <a href="https://services.article.com">services.@iliadnw.com</a>, or by phone at 206-764-3345 / 800-928-3750. For emergencies after business hours please call our 800-928-3750 number.

**The water source for Hunt I & II is a well that draws from a groundwater aquifer located on Lot 7A.** The source name is S01. Activity is restricted to the area to minimize contamination of the well. The system is not treated.

**Iliad Water Company routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State Laws.** The water quality information presented in the table provided is from the most recent round of testing done according to regulations. All data shown was collected during the last, January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2017, unless otherwise noted in the table. There were no water quality maximum contaminant level violations.

# GENERAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

**Drinking water, including bottled water may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants.** The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

## Contaminants that may be present in drinking water, including bottled water, and the sources of contamination:

- **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses, parasites, and bacterial that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, or wildlife.
- **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can occur naturally or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from various sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and resident uses.

- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production. They can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can occur naturally or result from oil and gas production and mining activities.

**Department of Health (DOH) and EPA prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems.** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Washington Department of Agriculture (AGR) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health. Website: Department of Health <u>www.doh.wa.gov</u>, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency <u>www.epa.gov</u>, Food and Drug Administration <u>www.fda.gov</u>, and Washington Department of Agriculture <u>www.agr.wa.gov</u>.

The Washington State Department of Health reduced the monitoring requirements for Asbestos, Dioxin, Endothall, EDB and other soil fumigants, Glyphosphate, and Diquate because the sources are not at risk of contamination. The last sample collected for these contaminants were found to meet all applicable standards.

### SOURCE WATER PROTECTION TIPS

Protection of drinking water is everyone's responsibility. You can help protect your community's drinking water source in several ways:

- Eliminate excess use of lawn and garden fertilizers and pesticides.
- Dispose of chemicals properly, for example, take used motor oil to a recycling center.
- Pick up after your pets.
- If you have your own septic system, properly maintain your system to reduce leaching to water sources or consider connecting to a public water system.
- Volunteer in your community. Find a watershed or wellhead protection organization you community and volunteer to help. If there are no active groups, consider starting one. Use the EPA's Adopt Your Watershed to locate groups in your community, or their Information Network to find out how to start a watershed team.

#### **REQUIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON LEAD**

In Washington State, lead in drinking water comes primarily from materials and components used in household plumbing. The more time water has been sitting in piped, the more dissolved metals, such as lead, it may contain. Elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially in pregnant women and young children.

To help reduce potential exposure to lead: for any drinking water tap that has not been used for 6 hours or more, flush water through the tap until the water is noticeably colder before using for drinking or cooking. You can use the flushed water for watering plants, washing dishes, or general cleaning. Only use water from the cold-water tap for drinking, cooking, and especially for making baby formula. Hot water is likely to contain higher levels of lead. If you care concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water is available from EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791or online at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

#### **Important Terms:**

AL (Action Level): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**TT (Treatment Technique):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is a known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. MRDLG (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Trihalomethanes (TTHM) and Haloacetic Acids (HAA5): Form as by-products of the chlorination process that is used to kill or inactivate disease causing microbes. Turbidity: A measurement of the amount of particulates in water in Nepheloimetric Turbidity Units (NTU). Particulates in water can include bacteria, viruses and protozoans that can cause disease. Turbidity measurements are used to determine the effectiveness of the treatment processes used to remove these particulates.

#### UNITS OF MEASURE

mg/L (milligrams per Liter): One part substance per liter of water. One milligram per liter is equal to one part per million (ppm).

NA: Not applicable ND: Not detected NTU (Nephelometric Turbidity Units): Measurement of the clarity, or turbidity, of water.

pCi/L (Piocuries per liter): A measure of radioactivity.

**ppm (parts per million):** One part substance per million parts water (or milligrams per liter mg/l).

**ppb (parts per billion):** One part substance per billion parts water (or micrograms per liter ug/l).

#### ug/L (Micrograms per Liter)

µS/cm (Siemens per cm)

	HUNTI&IIW/						
REGULATED SUBSTANCES	WATER ANALYS	Sample	LE	Maximum Allowable	Ideal Level/Goal	Level	
Substance	Typical Sources	Date	Unit Meas.	(MCL)	(MCLG)	Detected	Comply? Y/N
Total Coliform Bacteria	Naturally present in the environment	Monthly	% Positive	5% per month	0	0.067%	YES
-Coli	Human and animal fecal waste	Monthly	% Positive	5% per month	0	ND	YES
	ed to monitor microbial quality in the water distribution system. Iliad c						
	iad immediately retested 4 sites within the distribution system. There			-			
NORGANIC (IOC)				<b>J</b>			
				Maximum	Ideal		
		Sample		Allowable	Level/Goal	Level	
Substance	Typical Sources	Date	Unit Meas.	(MCL)	(MCLG)	Detected	Comply? Y/I
Nitrate		6/28/2017	ppm	(11102)	(MCLO)	1.83	YES
COMPLETE INORGANIC (IOC)	Tested for 31 substances. Dectected contaminants are list			MCLs		1.05	1125
	rested for 51 substances. Dectected containmants are in	steu below a	na within their	Maximum	Ideal		
		Sample		Allowable	Level/Goal	Level	
Substance	Typical Sources	Date	Unit Meas.	(MCL)	(MCLG)	Detected	Complu2 V/
	Typical Sources	Date	Unit Weas.	(IVICL)	(IVICEG)	Delected	Comply? Y/
PA Regulated	Francisco of natival despectite array off	0/2020	- h	0.01		0.0000	VEC
Arsenic	Erosion of natural deposits, runnoff	9/2009	mg/L	0.01		0.0008	YES
Floride	Erosion of natural deposits, dental health additive	9/2009	mg/L	4		0.5	YES
Chromium	Erosion of natural deposits, discharge	9/2009	mg/L	0.1		0.0025	YES
Nickel	Leaching from metals (plumbing), naturally present in sor	9/2009	mg/L	0.1		0.0016	YES
Total Nitrate/Nitrite	Erosion of natural deposits, animal waste	9/2009	mg/L			1.5	YES
EPA Regulated (Secondary)				1			
Vanganese	Erosion of natural deposits, naturally occuring	9/2009	mg/L	0.05		0.0006	YES
Sodium	Erosion of natural deposits	9/2009	mg/L			5.2	YES
lardness	Hardness as calcium calbonate: calcium (121-180, hard)	9/2009	mg/L			59	YES
Electrical Conductivity	Ability of water to pass an electrical current	9/2009	Umhos/cm	700		160	YES
TDS-Total Dissolved Solids		9/2009	mg/L	500		110	YES
State Unregulated							
Lead	Plumbing, erosion of natural deposits	9/2009	mg/L			0.0008	YES
	9/28/2009 and was found to meet all applicable standards. The next	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5	1		1	1
/olatile Organics (VOC)	Tested for 61 substances. None Detected.						
Volatile Organics (VOC)	Tested for 61 substances. None Detected.			Maximum	Ideal		
Volatile Organics (VOC)	Tested for 61 substances. None Detected.	Sample		Maximum Allowable	Ideal Level/Goal	Level	
Volatile Organics (VOC) Substance		Sample Date	Unit Meas.			Level Detected	Comply? Y/I
Substance The Washington State Departmen	Typical Sources t of Health reduced the monitoring requirements for volatile chemical:	Date s (VOCs) beca	use the source is	Allowable (MCL)	Level/Goal (MCLG)	Detected	
Substance The Washington State Departmen	Typical Sources	Date s (VOCs) beca	use the source is	Allowable (MCL)	Level/Goal (MCLG)	Detected	
Substance The Washington State Departmen	Typical Sources t of Health reduced the monitoring requirements for volatile chemical: 4/19/2016 and was found to meet all applicable standards. The next	Date s (VOCs) beca round of testir	use the source is ng will be in 2022.	Allowable (MCL) not at risk of conta	Level/Goal (MCLG)	Detected	
Substance The Washington State Departmen hese contaminants was taken on	Typical Sources t of Health reduced the monitoring requirements for volatile chemical:	Date s (VOCs) beca round of testir	use the source is ng will be in 2022.	Allowable (MCL) not at risk of conta	Level/Goal (MCLG)	Detected	
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ILIAD Water Company LLC V: 206-764-3345 | M: 800-928-3750 | F: 206-764-3848 | 1107 S BAILEY ST | SEATTLE WA 98108 | ILIADNW.COM/WATER/